

NAVER NEWS LIBRARY

Naver is NHN's renowned search engine and portal service, which accounts for approximately 70% of searches performed in Korea. Naver News Library provides high-quality news archive services for four major newspapers in Korea. Integrating extensive metadata information, the database enables user to perform searches in a wide range of categories according to subjects and document types. The platform offers powerful viewer software that allows user to engage in experience very similar to reading the original newspapers. The Naver News Library platform received the iF Design Award and the Red Dot Communication Award in 2010.



COVERAGE

- More than 690,000 pages from four newspapers

Dong-A Ilbo	1920 - 1999
Kyunghyang Shinmun	1946 - 1999

Maeil Business Newspaper	1966 - 1999
Hankyoreh <small>Hankyoreh will be online in the near future.</small>	1988 - 1999

FEATURES

- Allows users to perform full text searches and browse in XML format
- In advanced search, users can perform extensive and effective searches by choosing categories among eight subjects (e.g., politics, economy) and 25 document types (e.g., news articles, advertisements)
- Searched keywords are highlighted in the text and original images
- Original image resolution of 400 dpi; Service image resolution of 150 dpi
- Conversion of Chinese characters into Korean characters

SERVICE & AUTHENTICATION

- Free of charge
- Link address: <http://newslibrary.naver.com>
- IP authentication is required for advanced search
- IP application should be sent to newslibrary@nhn.com with following information:

Name of Institution	Contact Information			IP Range	URL to which the service will be linked
	Name(Last, First)	E-mail	Phone		

OTHER INFORMATION

- Charged service for printing and downloading will be provided in the future. (Read-only service will remain free of charge)
- Other newspapers can be added in the future. However, articles and information published after year 2000 will not be included in the service. Those who wish to access news articles published after 2000 should contact individual media organizations.